

The Watchman and Southron.

THE TRUE SOUTHERN WATCHMAN, Established April, 1886.

"Be Just and Fear not—Let all the ends Thou Aims't at be thy Country's, Thy God's and Truth's."

THE TRUE SOUTHERN WATCHMAN, Established June, 1894.

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FIGHTING ON EVERY FRONT.

ITALIAN-AUSTRIAN ONLY QUIET THEATRE OF WAR.

Serbian Capture City and are Advancing Steadily on Monastir—German Recapture Fustina and Destroy Three Tanks—Disorders Reported in Athens.

London, Oct. 20.—Violent fighting is reported from every theatre of war except the Italian. Serbians who captured Fud are advancing on Monastir, overcoming all resistance and capturing many prisoners and much material.

The Germans have recaptured some positions lost to the British in the region of Fubourt Loabaye and destroyed three British "tanks" with their artillery.

Artillery was furiously active all night on the western front.

Russian attacks during a heavy snow storm in the Carpathians were repulsed by the Austro-Germans. Strong attacks are being delivered by the Russo-Roumanians against the Teutons in Dobruja and Transylvania.

Further disorders are reported from Athens.

CALL OUT RESERVISTS.

Greek Revolutionary Government Prepares for War.

Saloniki, Oct. 20.—The Greek revolutionary government headed by M. Venizelos has issued a proclamation calling out classes 1914, and 1916, the latter being reservists.

HONOR DEAD AVIATOR.

Impressive Services over Norman Prince Who Was Killed in Battle.

Paris, Oct. 21.—Impressive funeral services were held today over Norman Prince, the American aviator, who died as a result of a battle with the Germans in the sky over the sea.

GERMAN GENERAL WOUNDED.

Falkenhayn Forced to Give up Command in Roumania.

Rome, Oct. 20.—Gen. von Falkenhayn, the leader of the great Austro-German offensive against Roumania, was wounded in LaGand and compelled to abandon his command, according to a dispatch to Corriere della Sera today.

MOBS BURY AT ATHENS.

Do Much Property Damage—Allies Establish Censorship.

London, Oct. 20.—Mobs led by reservists have taken the law into their own hands in Athens. Much damage was done property. A censorship has been established by the allies.

Thirty-five German Officers Taken.

Petrograd, Oct. 20.—Thirty-five German officers were captured in fighting north of Kuropatnika.

Rome, Oct. 21.—The allies have notified the Greek government that more troops will be landed unless the disorders are put down at once. The note also demands that the Greek army be reduced two-thirds, or to a peace footing and that the Greeks evacuate Thessaly.

Italian troops have crossed into Greece from Albania, occupying Liaskoviki.

HALIFAX KEPT IN DARKNESS.

Authorities Fear Zeppelin or Submarine Attack.

Halifax, Oct. 21.—There is much speculation as a result of the military order to keep this city in darkness at night. Although this city is nearly three thousand miles from German bases in Belgium, it is believed the authorities fear a Zeppelin or submarine attack.

WILL NOT RELIEVE CABRERA.

Mexican Embassy Denies Report Concerning Head of Commission.

Washington, Oct. 21.—The Mexican embassy today denied that Louis Cabrera will be relieved as head of the Mexican commission and succeed Ambassador Arredondo.

ALLIES MEET REVERSE.

Russo-Roumanians Driven Backward by von Mackensen.

Petrograd, Oct. 21.—A reverse for the Russo-Roumanian forces in Dobruja and the capture of Kokardja by von Mackensen is admitted. Fighting is in progress along a five hundred mile front in Galicia and Russia.

ADMIT LOSS OF BREMEN.

TEUTONIC DIPLOMATS VIRTUALLY CONCEDE DISASTER.

Other Merchant Submarines Will Carry on Overseas Underwater Commerce.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Loss of the German submarine merchantman Bremen virtually was conceded today by ranking Teutonic diplomats in position to be familiar with the movement of the vessel. The Bremen is one month overdue.

It was admitted that German officials were without information as to the fate of the Bremen. All they know is that she set out for America from Bremerhaven and that she should have arrived at an American port soon after the middle of last month.

The disappearance of the Bremen will not cause abandonment of the project to send merchant submarines regularly from Germany to the United States, it was said. There appeared to be reason to expect that another sub-sea freighter, either the Deutschland or some other, would reach an American port some time within the next month.

German officials in Washington do not believe the Bremen could have fallen into the hands of the British unless she had some accident to her machinery. They pointed out that, unlike naval submarines, merchant submarines avoid all localities frequented by shipping and therefore are not open to the same risks.

Reports that the Bremen had arrived safely in New London were published in newspapers in Germany more than two weeks ago.

The Bremen was commanded by Capt. Schwarkopf and carried a crew of approximately 25 men.

One official said it was considered most likely that the Bremen had met the fate of several naval submarines which had never been heard from.

Their crews had been reported as being in detention camps of the allies. It is presumed that they had some accident.

Another argument advanced in support of this theory was that the Bremen had aboard a number of important documents for the German embassy here which probably would have been made public had they fallen into the hands of the British.

CONFIRMS BREMEN'S LOSS.

Telegram From Name City Says Merchant Submarine is Regarded as Lost.

London, Oct. 20.—An Exchange Telegraph company dispatch from Amsterdam says that a telegram received there from Bremen confirms the report that the German Ocean Navigation company, has received no news from the commercial submarine Bremen and that she is regarded as lost. Great anxiety prevails among the families of the crew, virtually all of whom reside in Bremen, and it is expected difficulty will be experienced in obtaining crews for other commercial submarines which may undertake trans-Atlantic voyages.

According to this information, the sailing of the Deutschland on another voyage across the Atlantic has been cancelled.

BALK AT BULL MOOSE BALLOTS.

Some Clerks of Court Refuse to Distribute Progressive Tickets, Wannamaker Says.

Clerks of court in several counties of the State have refused to handle the Progressive election tickets, according to T. H. Wannamaker, national executive committeeman from South Carolina. The tickets for the nominees of the Progressive party are being sent to all counties.

AUSTRIAN PREMIER SHOT?

Report Reaches London, But is Unconfirmed.

London, Oct. 21.—A report reached here this afternoon that the premier of Austria has been shot by Publisher Aller of a Vienna newspaper. The report may refer to Baron Stuergeki who was premier until a year ago. His successor has never been appointed, and Foreign Minister Baron Burien has been acting as minister.

British Progress Near Bapaume.

London, Oct. 21.—British forces made progress last night in fighting around Butte, Warlen and Court, near Bapaume, the war office announced.

TO MAKE PEACE MOVE.

PEACE SOCIETIES ASK WILSON TO HEAD MOVEMENT TO STOP EUROPEAN WAR.

Armistice to Be Asked During Winter and Efforts Will Be Put Forth to See if Belligerents Cannot Agree on Terms of Settlement.

Washington, Oct. 21.—Regardless of the outcome of the election Wilson will be asked to make another move for peace. The movement is being fostered by the American Neutral Conference and other organizations whose identity is kept secret. Simultaneously an appeal will be made to King Alfonso and the Pope.

The plan is for Wilson to ask an armistice during the winter to see if the belligerents cannot agree on terms of settlement.

Officials, however, are pessimistic in view of the belief expressed recently by Ambassadors Page and Sharp, who told the president the war would last at least another year.

REFUSE 40 CENTS A POUND.

Highest Price Asked for Staple in 40 Years.

Savannah, Oct. 18.—Offers of 40 cents a pound for sea island cotton were refused in Savannah today. This is the highest price asked for this staple in 40 years. The sales of sea island cotton for the week were 2,122 bales. The prices advanced from 31 1/2 last Friday to the quotations of today.

Good middling spot cotton, short staple, sold today at 17 1/4 cents, the highest Savannah price for many years.

German Child's Disease Found; Cause to Come.

Baltimore, Oct. 17.—The mystery surrounding the cause of the spread of infantile paralysis has been solved tonight at Johns Hopkins hospital.

Extensive research conducted by Dr. Horace T. Burrows, pathologist of the hospital, has resulted in the discovery of the infantile paralysis germ, the existence of which was established nine years ago by Dr. Simon Flexner, of the Rockefeller institute.

According to Dr. Burrows, the disease is not spread by contagion, but the germ is introduced into the human system through the mouth in milk or water.

"Always in every case of the disease a germ has been found in the big intestine showing that the disease is spread by some raw food. That that food is milk or water is established by the fact that babies, whose only diet has been milk and water, died of the disease.

Dr. Burrows and his assistants, under the direction of Prof. Wm. H. Welch, have been making autopsies upon every victim of the disease since July. They have conducted a careful microscopic search.

Of the diseased organs it has been found that the germ occurs only in the colon. The investigations prove that 100 per cent. are infected in the big intestine. Since it is only possible for the germ to enter the big intestine by way of the mouth, food and drink must be the carriers.

This discovery demonstrates for the first time clearly that raw food contains the germ of infantile paralysis. The investigators are so certain that this is true and that there is no other way for the disease to be contracted that they suggest that the quarantine be raised against personal contact and that all raw foods, such as milk, waters, fruits, etc., be sterilized, boiled or cooked before being given to children or others.

The investigators found that house flies and other insects undoubtedly help to spread the germ from one food to another.

This discovery is the first one that has been given out officially by Johns Hopkins hospital before it has been published in a recognized medical journal.

This rule is broken for the first time in order to clear up the mystery surrounding the disease as quickly as possible and in order to allow the schools to open and business to go on as usual.

The find was not made by accident, but as a result of a painstaking research.

The spread of the disease is so much like that of typhoid fever and its methods of communication that the investigators are sure they have hit upon a way to make an anti-pollomyelitis vaccine like the anti-typhoid vaccine that stamped out typhoid in the United States army.

MEXICANS FIRE ON AMERICANS

FIGHT AT SAN JOSE LASTS FORTY-FIVE MINUTES.

According to Advice Received by Border Commander Mexicans Were Drunk—No Loss of Life in Exchange of Shots.

San Antonio, Oct. 20.—American troops and Mexicans clashed near San Jose, in the Big Bend country, yesterday afternoon, according to a report received by Gen. Funston early tonight from Col. Joseph Gaston, commander of the district. The fight lasted for forty-five minutes. No losses were suffered by the Americans and information is lacking regarding loss among the Mexicans.

Col. Gaston's report said that a band of about thirty Mexicans opened fire on a detachment composed of twenty-three men of the Sixth cavalry and Texas Guardsmen engaged in patrol duty between Residio and Ruidosa. Lieut. Cardington, of the Texas troops, in command of the detachment, ordered his men to return the fire.

A vigorous exchange of shots continued for forty-five minutes, the Americans and Mexicans firing in skirmish formation from covered positions on either side of the Rio Grande. Information from Col. Gaston did not indicate that the United States soldiers crossed in pursuit of the Mexicans. After the fight Lieut. Cardington returned to Ruidosa with his command.

Mexicans Drunk.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Gen. Funston, reporting tonight on the exchange of shots across the border at San Jose, said that late reports reaching him indicated the American troops were fired upon "by drunken Mexicans."

The dispatch made no mention of being by the American troops and said there were no casualties on either side.

It is believed that the incident, believing that an irresponsible band had blundered upon the detachment of Americans and had withdrawn after firing a few desultory shots. There was nothing in Gen. Funston's dispatch, it was said, to indicate a prolonged engagement.

CLAIMS RECOGNITION.

Venezelos Government Construes Letter from American Consul in This Light.

Athens, Thursday, Oct. 19.—(Via London, Oct. 20.)—The afternoon newspapers publish a letter, said to have been sent by the American consul at Saloniki to M. Politis, foreign minister of the provisional government, established by former Premier Venezelos, expressing the "sincere hope of being able to continue with the de facto government the cordial relations always heretofore existing between the authorities and the consulate."

The adherents of M. Venezelos claim that this constitutes recognition of the provisional government by the United States. The American minister, Garrett Droppers, denies that any consul has been authorized to do more than cultivate essential relations with the de facto authorities in Mytilene and Crete as well as Saloniki.

TO BUILD NEW COTTON MILL.

Site Purchased for Plant at Wimborsboro.

Wimborsboro, Oct. 20.—An industrial event that presages much to the upbuilding of Wimborsboro was consummated here today when the Lockwood-Greene and a firm of Northern capitalists and present owners of the Wimborsboro mills purchased sixty-eight acres of land adjoining their old property for the purpose of erecting an additional mill. A corps of engineers will shortly survey the new site, and with their coming matters will take on a definite outline as to the exact date of construction. Under the superintendence of J. M. Williams the operatives have seen the benefit of his progressive policy. The people of the mill village have had their homes painted, streets graded, electric lights and water-works installed and everything done for their comfort in a modern way.

SERBIANS CONTINUE ADVANCE.

No Infantry Fights on French Front, but Artillery Exchanges Occur.

Paris, Oct. 21.—The war office announced no infantry fighting on the French front last night. There was a strong interchange of artillery fire. The Serbians have made further progress toward Monastir, driving the Bulgarians back in Sector Cuke.

SAYS SLAVS DESIRE PEACE

HARVARD PROFESSOR DENIES RUSSIA IS WILLING TO COMBINE WITH GERMAN.

Japan in Alliance Also—Such Combination Would Crush England's Ambition for World Power.

Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 30.—Hugo Muensterberg, professor of psychology at Harvard University, in an address tonight before the International Political Club, of the university, asserted that he had been reliably informed that Russia and Germany would sign terms of a separate peace before spring, and that after this peace there would be an alliance between Germany, Russia and Japan.

"I know from reliable sources," he said, "that Russia is out of joint, is half bankrupt, is starving and will be ready for a separate peace before spring. The result is to be an alliance between Germany, Austria, Russia and Japan. Japan and Russia are pushing toward this combination and an overwhelming majority of the German people would welcome it today.

"It is the old Bismarckian tradition that Germany ought to be the friend of Russia and that such an alliance would be her surest protection.

"If we really want to bring peace for a generation there is no hope but to bring Germany and England to an understanding before Germany and Russia have made peace and formed an alliance. Neither the English nor the German people want this peace today, but they ought to want it, for once the new alliance is formed it will seek to crush the ambition of England for world power.

"Some neutral groups in Europe are seeking to bring about this understanding between Germany and England. Yet real success can be expected only if the government of the United States undertakes this master work."

Characterizes Statement of Hughes as Too Absurd to Be Worthy of Notice.

Elmira, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Newton D. Baker, secretary of war, last night was shown a clipping quoting him as comparing the Mexicans with the American revolutionists.

"It is too absurd to be worthy of notice," he said, not concealing his displeasure at being misquoted. "I couldn't think of such a thing, to say nothing of saying it. It is entirely wrong. I didn't say anything that could possibly be interpreted that way."

SECURE INTEREST ON BALANCES.

Taxes for Sinking Fund on Bonds Reduced One-half Per Cent.

The report of the secretary and treasurer of the city schools published in yesterday's Item was something of interest to the entire community, as it gave a concise statement of funds being used for school purposes in the city. However, the preface of the report was not published. In this preface there are two items which were not shown in the report that will be of interest.

The city this year is securing interest of four per cent. on the daily balances of school funds in the various banks, whereas heretofore it did not secure this interest. The building funds are also drawing interest from the banks at the same rate. In addition to this the rate of taxation for a sinking fund for bonds issued has been reduced from one per cent. to one-half per cent. for taxpayers.

TO STOP U-BOAT WARFARE.

Appeal to United States Made by Holland Paper.

Amsterdam (via London), Oct. 20.—A demand for the stoppage of the submarine warfare coupled with an appeal to the United States to take the initiative toward that end is voiced by the Telegraaf. The Telegraaf says:

"Ten days have elapsed since the doors of America and nothing has been done. Are we to understand that our ships are allowed to be torpedoed right on the American coast? We say in all frankness to America that submarine warfare must be stopped and Germany must be told that mistakes, which all the world know are no mistakes, will no longer be tolerated. Let America speak the re-echoing word lest she rue deeply in the future having neglected a task plainly to be expected from the mightiest neutral."

DIG CROWDS SEE WILSON.

CHEER PRESIDENT ON WAY BACK TO LONG BRANCH.

Great Commoner Rides With Former Chief and Expresses Confidence of Victory.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 20.—President Wilson, returning to Long Branch today from Chicago, participated in campaign demonstrations arranged in his honor along the route by local Democrats in Ohio and Pennsylvania. Twice at Greensburg, Pa., and in this city, he alighted from his private car and thanked large crowds for coming to see him.

A throng was assembled here tonight in the square in front of the railroad station, where red lights were burned in honor of Mr. Wilson. Introduced by Samuel Kunkel, treasurer of the Democratic State committee, the president said: "I have no speech to make, but I would indeed be ungenerous if I did not express my gratification that you should come out to see me this way. It is great encouragement to a public man who is trying to do his duty to receive such a welcome."

The president hurried back to his private car, but just as the train got under way the coach ahead of his car jumped the track, bringing the train to a stop with a bump. A delay of 15 minutes resulted.

At Greensburg the president left his car in a driving rain and walked outside the station with Col. Richard Coulter, Jr., of the Tenth Pennsylvania regiment, just returned from the Mexican border. A band played "The Star Spangled Banner" as he appeared and the crowd applauded. The president stood up in a flag draped automobile, waved to the crowd, expressed his thanks and then hurried back to the waiting train.

Brief stops were also made at a number of towns, where the president appeared on the rear platform of his car and shook hands with the people.

At Pittsburgh the president met the president at Pittsburgh and rode with him for more than an hour afterward on his train. Because Mr. Bryan was not expected, he did not ride in the president's automobile at Pittsburgh. Crowds along the streets cheered Mr. Wilson when he appeared.

Mr. Bryan, after talking with the president, said he had become convinced that Mr. Wilson would be re-elected. He has been campaigning for the president in the West and declared he expected the Democrats to gain several senators in the mountain States.

"I want to put it as strongly as possible that Mr. Wilson will win," said Mr. Bryan. "The people approve his Mexican policy and something the administration has done appeals to every class of voters." He added that the women of the West are for the president.

Joseph Guffey, chairman of the Pennsylvania Democratic State committee, boarded the president's train this morning and rode through the State with him.

Tomorrow afternoon Mr. Wilson will address a gathering of farmers at Shadow Lawn.

CHANCES LOOK GOOD.

Wilson Speaks Cheerily of His Prospects.

Lancaster, Pa., Oct. 20.—President Wilson during his brief stop made here tonight, said that his chances for reelection "looked good." A man in the crowd shouted: "We hope you get four years more." The president thanked him and replied: "Well, it looks good now."

TRUE TO THEIR NAME.

Philadelphians Show Brotherly Love for Wilson.

Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—Owing to the delay in Harrisburg, President Wilson's train reached here about 10 o'clock tonight, one hour and a half behind scheduled time. A large crowd was awaiting his arrival at the railroad station and the president shook hands with every one within reach. A committee of local Democrats presented Mrs. Wilson with a large bouquet of flowers.

The president's train left here at 10:55 o'clock for Long Branch, where it is due to arrive about 1:30 tomorrow morning.

SIX LIVES LOST IN GALE.

Storm Sweeps Lake Erie, Sinking Two Ships.

Detroit, Oct. 21.—Six lives were lost and two ships sunk in a gale that swept Lake Erie last night.